

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL-STRE. T. ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XIX.]

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1818.

[No. 5320.

BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS

is recommended

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir.

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthma, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Disorders.

Violent cramps in Consumptions

Violent cramps in the stomach and Lowness of spirits

back

Loss of appetite

Indigestion

Impurity of blood

Melancholy

Hysterical affection

Gout in the stomach

Inward weakness

Pains in the limbs and debility

Relaxations, etc.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ring-worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by

JAMES KENNEDY & SON,

September 26 King-st. Alexandria.

August 17

11

Mahogany, &c.

JUST received and for sale, 4000 feet mahogany, in lots to suit purchasers

1 elegant Grecian sofa.
10 dozen sacking bottoms at 10s
16 portable desks

Easy chairs and night stools
S. WARD,
Lower end of Prince-street.

August 27

2w

LAWRASON & FOWLE

HAVE received by schr Adeline, capt. Romney, and for sale, 15 pipes French brandy
60 qr casks Malaga wine

August 6

4w

French Plaster.

ONE hundred and fifty tons on board the ship Washington, for sale by July 20

LAWRASON & FOWLE

HAVE for sale, landing from schooner Eliza, captain Weeks, from N. York, 20 pipes Holland Gin of superior quality, 1st and 2d proof

Also in store,

A few pipes French Brandy, of excellent quality

August 1

John H. Ladd & Co.

HAVE just received for sale, 25 cases men's and boys' fine and coarse shoes, of superior quality

15 puncheons Demerara, St Croix and 3 casks lemon juice [Antigua rum
8 boxes fresh lemons
20 half hms mess beef
50 kegs excellent small twist tobacco
30 do large do
18 hds leaf tobacco

August 26

2w

To Mr. Andrew Bartle.

SIR—I shall take no further notice at this time of your publications in the newspapers, other than to say that I am prepared to meet any charge you may make against me, and have sufficient proof of the correctness of my conduct—a court of justice will decide between us in a short time, and I deem that the most proper tribunal to settle our disputes.

WILLIAM STOOPS.

New Grocery Store.

THE subscriber having commenced the Grocery business in the house of Mr. E. Lloyd, formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Dunlap, on Cameron street, between Fairfax and Royal streets, has particularly selected for family use a general assortment of the best wines, liquors, cordials and groceries, which will be sold low for cash.

ALSO—Twenty-four boxes Sicily lemons, in prime order, from New-York; and a fine assortment of handsome paper-hanging, recently imported from Marseilles, which will be sold very low by sets and by the yard.

VINCENT MASSOLETTI.

August 18

1m

Committed

TO my custody some time past as runaway, a Negro woman and two children. The Negro woman calls herself Ann Butler, and says she is free, and came from Nottingham in Prince George county upwards of seven years ago to this county, where she has lived as a free person ever since.—She is 5 feet 2 inches high, of a very dark complexion, and appears to be about 28 years of age—had on when committed an oznaburgh shift, an old white cotton petticoat, and a red calico frock.—Her oldest child is a boy, who is called Thomas—of a dark complexion, and appears to be about 5 years old.—The other is a girl, who is called Ann, also of a dark complexion, and appears to be about 3 years old. The owner is desired to come and take them away, otherwise they will be sold as the law directs, for their prison fees, &c.

THO. A. DAVIS.

Sheriff of Charles County.

2m

Committed

TO my custody some time past as runaway, a Negro woman and two children. The Negro woman calls herself Ann Butler, and says she is free, and came from Nottingham in Prince George county upwards of seven years ago to this county, where she has lived as a free person ever since.—She is 5 feet 2 inches high, of a very dark complexion, and appears to be about 28 years of age—had on when committed an oznaburgh shift, an old white cotton petticoat, and a red calico frock.—Her oldest child is a boy, who is called Thomas—of a dark complexion, and appears to be about 5 years old.—The other is a girl, who is called Ann, also of a dark complexion, and appears to be about 3 years old. The owner is desired to come and take them away, otherwise they will be sold as the law directs, for their prison fees, &c.

THO. A. DAVIS.

Sheriff of Charles County.

2m

Ten Dollars Reward.

WILL be given by the subscriber, living near Haymarket, in Prince William County, for the recovery of a horse, which strayed or was stolen from her farm, on the night of the 13th of April last. The above named horse is 5 or 6 years old, of blood bay color, 15 hands high, long switch tail, rubbed on the left side by the harness of the cart or waggon, in either of which he had been used to draw; he has no white marks or brand, and the hair on the top of the head between the ears is worn short.

August 10 SUSANNAH F. GRAHAM.

50 Dollars Reward.

ESCONDON on Saturday morning, the 13th inst. negro George, or George Griffin, the property of Miss McCall, by trade a nailer, and understands some part of the blacksmith's business; he is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, stout made, very black complexion, large eyes and mouth, with thick lips. He is a very artful fellow and has been in the habit of obtruding himself as a free man, and will no doubt attempt to pass as such, and probably get work—he has a down look when spoken to.—His clothes not recollecting, having various suits.

A reward of 10 dollars will be given if taken in the town or county, 20 in the county of Washington or Fairfax, or the above reward if taken 50 miles from town, with all reasonable charges if brought home.

Masters of vessels are cautioned against harboring or carrying off said runaway, as they will be dealt with according to law.

JAMES SANDERSON.

August 17

11

Washington Inn.

CORNER OF KING & Pitt Streets, Alexandria.

H. CLAGETT

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that he has lately taken the above stand (which is now calculated to afford comfortable accommodations), and will spare no exertions to please those who may favor him with their custom. An excellent Stable is attached to the Inn, and careful attendants will be constantly in readiness to obey the calls of travellers.

August 7

m

New Hotel,

ON THE LEESBURG ROAD.

WASHINGTON DRANE

RESPECTFULLY inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a house of entertainment at his new building, on the road leading from Georgetown to Leesburg, 15 miles from the former, and 15 miles from the latter place.—The house and furniture are new and elegant, and every attendance and requisite have been provided for the accommodation of either parties of pleasure or persons on business. There is an excellent spring of water on the place, excelled perhaps by none in the state of Virginia. The distance from Georgetown, Washington or Alexandria, being an agreeable ride, he anticipates a share of public patronage, which he hopes his assiduity to business will justly merit.

August 7

1m

Robert Gray,

Next door west of the corner of King & Royal Streets,

HAS just received on consignment, the following BOOKS and STATIONERY ARTICLES, viz: Volney's Ruins; Thaddeus of Warsaw; Olney Hymn; Fanaway's Letters; Murray's Reader, Grammar, Exercises and Key; Triumphs of Temper; New-York Reader, No. 1, 2, & 3; Episcopal prayer books; Travels at Home; Cases of Conscience; Chaton's Diseases; Accidents of Human Life; Plaice, a Spanish Tale; Manners, a novel; Balance of Comfort; Letters from the Cape of Good Hope Bonaparte; Letter to Lord Liverpool; Cox's Female Scripture Biography; Beauties of Robertson; Harrington and Grindal; Memoirs of Moreau; Bernadotte; Itachai Baker; Youth's Cabinet; Murray's Grammar, Abridged; Murray's, Webster's Comly's, and N York Spelling Books.

New-York Preceptor and Primer; Allison's Sermons, 2 volumes; Tales of Fancy; Poetical Chronology; Clavis Ciceronis; Tacitus; Ars of Palestine; Hubert and Ellen Valentine's Eve; Readings on Poetry; Lord of the Isles; Saicho, or The Proverbial Cowper's Poems; Comic Dramas; Paris Revisited; French War in Spain; Poet's Pilgrimage; Masonic Minstrel; Simpson's Comic Sections; Willich's Lectures; Rambach's Meditations; Sidney on Government; Warren's America; Military Tutor; Family Prayers; American Star; Sanford and Merton; Scott's Lessons; Looking Glass for the Mind; Pocket and school Bibles & Testaments; Jes's Surveying; Johnson's Dictionary; large and small Child's Monitor; American Nepos; History of England; Addison's Works, 6 vols. boards; Federalist; Clerk's Magazine; Columbian Letter-Writer; Introduction to Reading; Episodal Hymns, &c. &c.

2d mo. 21

District of Columbia, to wit:

Alexandria, County, April term, 1818.

IN CHANCERY.

The Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria—Complainant,

versus

Thomas W. Peyton and Wm. H. Dundas—Defendants.

THE defendant Thomas W. Peyton, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit that the said Thomas W. Peyton is not an inhabitant of this district.—On motion of the said complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, That the said defendant Thomas W. Peyton do appear here on the 1st day of the next court and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant Wm. H. Dundas, does not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands, belonging to the said absent defendant Thomas W. Peyton, until the further order or decree of this court;—and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the courthouse of said county.

June 27

Test,

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE

AND DAILY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL-STREET.

Daily Gazette, 7 dolls...Country, 5 dolls.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1818.

There is old vulgar apothegms, or what are called in the half jocular slang of the coarse ones of the world, "tough old sayings," something which experience shows to be so conformable to plain common sense, (that best mental gift of God to man) that I have always some one or other of them ready at my tongue's end, to utter upon every emergency of deep impression or lively interest.—That pious adage "man proposes, but God disposes," has often soothed me under unexpected disappointments, by suggesting to me the prudence of referring them to the will of that Being, who often nips the bud of enjoyment as it is expanding into flower, or blights the flower itself just as it is knitting into fruit, out of mere secret mercy to the sufferer. Of the benefit of this, at least innocent mode of soothing the stings of misfortune, and beguiling the wounded soul of its pain, over-use at last deprives us; as narcotics lose their effect by being frequently administered. And I am compelled by an occurrence which has recently fallen under my observation to think that the only cure for the miseries of disappointment is not to hope—not to propose to ourselves any thing beyond what we are secure of, but to leave all to the disposal of heaven.

It has been often observed, that the cause of it has been explained or understood, that persons of warm or lively imaginations are frequently involved in sorrow and mortification, while those who are so blessed with a comfortable crassitude of skull as never to purpose any thing beyond the demands of instant necessity, or impulse of animal appetite, seldom experiences either. The truth is, that the former are too sanguine in their expectations—they are generally, what a great philosopher, of whom the world, to its irreparable loss, was deprived some twenty years ago, was wont to call "mighty hopes."—To them a promise seems the same as a performance—a brilliant prospect as an indefeasible possession; fortune has only to throw out a few luring glances of flattery, and she loses her characteristic versatility in their eyes—and he who calls her "fickle," is no better, in their judgment, than a slanderer. All the illusory pageantry with which she dazzles their eyes, &c. for the time as rapturously enjoyed as a dream of goldfining, and all the snares she spreads to waylay our peace are pursued and clutched at by them with no less fond eagerness and sanguine expectation, than those with which children run headlong with their eyes fixed on the horizon, in hopes of catching the rainbow. A butterfly starting into sight, however, relieves the child from the effects of its disappointment—but wretchedness, mortification, and often despair follow the disappointment of the others.

Whether it be a fate more peculiar to me than others, that I only share it in common with all other men of quick sensibility, and rapid, warm imagination, I cannot tell; but so it is, that I rarely hope without afterwards undergoing all the goadings of disappointment. Even where, after all my well earned experience, I have been able, on the most reasonable grounds, to assure myself that I was secured by every circumstance which could render permanent possession the same as certain—when I have had the cup not only at my lips, but gripped fast, as I thought, within my teeth, I have had it dashed from me. What the agony of such an unexpected privation of hope is, none but a man of a delicate, sensible and generous heart, who, when he suffers for himself, feels his pain mingled with regret for the unworthiness of those who occasion his disappointment, and who rejoices in his mortification can possibly imagine.

I remember to have been once greatly affected by an incident that occurred when I was in England in the year 1791, the recital of which may serve to show the dire effects of disappointment upon the feelings and fate of a soul filled with sensibility and honor, and to caution men of feeling against being instrumental to the disappointment of others.

The Newark Messenger fondly anticipates that protecting associations, after the example of the one at New-Brunswick, "will speedily be formed throughout the state of New-Jersey, and the barbarous and disgusting traffic in human flesh so prevalent, be utterly abolished."

There are two Peace Societies in Massachusetts, one in Maine, one in Rhode-Island, one in the city of New-York, one in Cayuga county and one in Chenango county, (N. Y.) and two in Ohio. One is proposed in Pennsylvania, and one in North-Carolina.

Catskill Recorder.

The Methodists have erected a seminary at Baltimore, for the instruction of youth, especially for young men who may be called to preach the gospel.

The town of Cincinnati (Ohio) contains nearly eleven thousand inhabitants!

Eustice Evans, Esq. the celebrated Pedestrian, intends publishing, in a duodecimo volume, his late "Pedestrian Tour," of 4000 miles, through the western states and territories, during the winter and spring of 1818, interspersed with brief reflections upon a great variety of topics—religious, political, sentimental, &c. &c. The work will contain a likeness of the author in his boating dress. *[Providence American.]*

The delegates to form a constitution of civil government for Connecticut, were to meet at Hartford on the 25th ult.

Discoveries in Africa.—The Bey of Tripoli has assured the British government, through the consul, that he will afford every facility to any parties sent by that government into the interior of Africa—that he has numerous merchants in the cities of the interior, and will guarantee the safety of all travellers who will conform to his directions. *[New-Brunswick Times.]*

EMIGRATION.

Something novel.—A few days since, a boat (carrying 11 tons) from Connecticut

which was never healed; he considered himself as sacrificed to vice and misery. At length his pecuniary resources failed, and the affliction of poverty was added to the anguish of a wounded spirit. After repeated appeals, which were either neglected or not received, finding it no longer in his power to struggle with the evils which beset him—unable to dig, and ashamed to beg, he resolved deliberately to put an end to his existence, in the presence of the sovereign who had been by designing men so strongly prejudiced against him. Accordingly he watched for an opportunity; and as the king in his carriage was descending Constitution Hill, in the Green Park, in the month of August of that year, (1791) the unhappy man, falling on one knee, lodged the contents of a pistol in his own heart.

CURIOS.

A letter from Havana, of August 5, received at Boston, mentions that the Pique frigate sailed on the 3d inst. for Jamaica, with the money from the Tay, six per cent having been deducted for duties. The Semiramis, Sir James L. Yeo, sailed on the 4th of August for England, in consequence of Sir James being very sick. No salutes took place. *[N. Y. Mer. Adver. Aug. 28.]*

We have been favored with a Halifax paper of the 14th inst. On the 13th, the earl of Dalhousie, governor of Nova Scotia and its dependencies, issued his proclamation, publishing the order in council by which Halifax and St. John are designated as free ports, and declaring the port of Halifax to be now open, and considered as open from the 16th of July last. *[Ibid.]*

Correction.—We have published from the Charleston Times, an account of Col. M'Donald and a number of English officers and their companions, having accidentally fallen into the hands of the Spanish Royalists and been put to death. We are happy now to state, from the Aurora, that "Col. M'Donald is at this moment in the United States, and his companions were in July at St. Fernando de Apure." *[New-York Columbian.]*

Disease among Cattle.—It appears by a New-Orleans paper that many cattle had died in that vicinity by a disease now known to be the hollow horn, but which disease being unknown to the inhabitants, was presumed to be the carbuncle. A gentleman had prescribed boring the horn and injecting vinegar and salt, by which many diseased cattle had been saved. *[Ibid.]*

Pipissaway.—A friend, who travelled some distance to get information on the subject, left with us a small bunch of the Pipissaway, celebrated for the cure of cancers. It is an evergreen, found plentifully in all parts of the country; but not what is generally called winter-green. *[Ibid.]*

Hoax.—The Mermaids reported to have been lately seen in North Carolina, proved to be mere maids. *[Ibid.]*

Mr. Cooper, the celebrated American tragedian, from the last accounts was playing with great success in Ireland.

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EMIGRATION.

Something novel.—A few days since, a boat (carrying 11 tons) from Connecticut

river, arrived at this city with a family, household goods, farming utensils, &c. on board, bound for Sandusky. At the landing place, a large six-horned wagon was backed into the river so far that the boat floated over it, when, being made fast, the wagon drove out, loaded with the boat with her cargo in, and set off for Schenectady, where the boat was again put into her proper element, and proceeded up the Mohawk towards her place of destination. In the whole route there will be 28 miles of portage. The family appeared in easy circumstances, neat and industrious. There was a neat and comfortable cabin in the forepart of the boat for the accommodation of the family. Success to the enterprise.

[Albany Register]

CREEK INDIANS.

We have had the peculiarly good fortune to publish within the last month, some exceedingly interesting and truly authentic narratives of travels in Florida and South America. We congratulate our readers that we are again enabled, by the obliging kindness of a justly appreciated friend, to adorn our columns with a similar production. The extracts from the journal written in the Creek nation of Indians, convey information at once important and agreeable. Though we every day hear of our Southern and Western savages, we have never had a sufficiently ample and minute delineation of their habits, their traditions, their laws and their sentiments; and we receive, with pleasure, every additional effort to enlighten our ignorance upon the subject. Recent events have rendered the Creek and Seminole Indians, in particular, objects of great curiosity and interest; and though we could wish to see observations and facts thus easily, gracefully, and accurately exhibited, embodied in a form more durable than that of a newspaper column, we shall always consult the gratification of our readers, as well as our editorial pride, by giving them an early publication in this fugitive form.]—*Ed. Franklin Gazette.*

EXTRACT FROM A JOURNAL WRITTEN IN THE CREEK NATION OF INDIANS.—The government of the Creeks is in full Republican, each town or village electing a chief or king, whose authority is never disputed, so long as he remains in office, and who represents his town in the great council at which the business of the nation is transacted, and where a speaker or head man of the whole is elected. The military authority is distinct and subordinate to the civil. M'Intosh, the celebrated warrior, reports to and receives orders from the civil head of the government. But although their chief as thus elected, they are invested with more power than any legitimate sovereign in Europe, and the submission of the people to their superiors is so remarkable, that they freely submit to the most arbitrary acts of the chiefs.

The chiefs of towns execute the laws in the most summary manner. Murder is punished among them by putting the murderer to death, if he can be found; if he absconds, they put to death his nearest male relation, which exonerates the original aggressor, who may then safely return. If a man kills a woman, he himself is not executed for the crime; but they put to death his sister or near other female relation. In many instances, their laws make relations responsible for each other; this has created among them a great attention to family; there is little social intercourse, except among those united by the ties of blood. The knowledge they have of the ramifications and branches, not only of their own family, but of those of the whole tribe, is surprising. No heraldry office could be more correct and minute than the heads of some of their old men. I was once asked by an Indian who spoke a little English, "You know me?" I answered no. "No!" he exclaimed, "why my father killed six men in one battle," and was astonished that any person should not know a man who was thus distinguished by his ancestor. In one of the villages I passed, there had been a few days before, a fracas, at which a man was killed. The murderer was immediately secured, and the chief ordered him to dig a grave for the man he had killed and put him into it. After he had done this, he was told to put a cow hide over the man; while doing this, the chief knocked him in the head, and buried them both together, acting himself as judge, jury, executioner, and sexton.

Nothing marks so much the barbarous, uncivilized state of these savages, as the manner in which their women are treated. Polygamy is allowed among them, they are permitted to have as many wives as they are able to support. The consent of the woman to marriage is never asked, she must be bought from her father, to whom application is made, which, if accompanied with presents, is rarely refused, and the marriage takes place without the parties having previously exchanged a word with each other. An assemblage of relations to drink or to dance, is all the ceremonial used on the occasion. From this contract either party may be divorced, by notifying three months before-hand, that when the corn is ripened it is their intention to part. The women are employed in the most servile, menial drudgery, working in the field, cooking, pounding or grinding corn, and drying fish are their principal occupations.

A widow is compelled to remain single for four years after the death of her husband.

The Armenians and Grecians are permitted to wear robes, but they are plain—

the former use the turban, and the latter the culpuk, but both are obliged to shave their heads and faces of all hair except their moustaches, the Turks reserving the exclusive privilege of wearing the beard.

With very few exceptions, it is only in the streets, or while travelling in the country, that a Christian beholds the Turkish women, where they appear with their slaves, or completely enveloped in white cotton, that is difficult to ascertain one of sixteen from another of sixty—their faces are concealed by masks, the lower part reaching their mouths, composed of the folds of their dress, and the upper of black silk covering the residue! The custom among the Armenian women is similar, excepting that their inner robes are sometimes of a light blue. They will, however, when conscious of their beauty, frequently expose their faces to the passing Frank, but never with any probability exists of a Turk participating in the sight.

The Grecian women are in general handsome, and some are beautiful, particularly those of the islands where their virtues are as predominant as the vices of the men. They dress similar to the European women resident in Smyrna, except in a profusion of tinsel and embroidery, which in dressing the head they exceed all others.

Their beautiful dark hair is parted on the centre of the forehead; around their temples, they wind a piece of plain or embroidered crape, surmounted by a white cloth cap fitting close, having a black silk tassel in the middle. Their long hair being braided, is then passed around the cap,

he was endowed by nature with the attributes of mind necessary for great political combinations. His acute understanding very early in life informed him, that his countrymen had lost their importance, that they were gradually yielding to the whites, who were acquiring an imposing influence over them. Instigated by these considerations, and, perhaps, by his natural ferocity and attachment to war, he became a decided enemy to the whites, and imbibed an invincible determination (he surrendered it but with his life) to regain for his country the proud independence he supposed his had lost.

For a number of years he was foremost in every act of hostility committed against those he conceived were the oppressors of his countrymen, and was equally remarkable for intrepidity, as skill, in many combats that took place under his banner. Aware, at length, of the extent, number and power of the United States, he became fully convinced of the futility of any single nation of red men attempting to cope with them. He formed, therefore, the grand scheme of uniting all the tribes east of the Mississippi into hostility against the United States. This was a field worthy his great and enterprising genius. He commenced in the year 1809, and in the execution of his project he displayed unequalled adroitness, eloquence and courage. He insinuated himself into every tribe from Michilimackinac to Georgia, and was invariably successful in his attempts to bring them over to his views. He played upon all their feelings, but principally upon their superstition, and sometimes assumed the character of a prophet, and carried with him a red stick, to which he attached certain mystical properties, and the acceptance of which was considered as the joining of his party; from hence the name Red Sticks applied to all Indians hostile to the United States.

Unfortunately for Tecumseh, but happily for the United States, it was, that before his plan had become matured, before his arrangements for general hostility were perfected, before, in fact, he had properly organized or brought into the field any of his forces, his brother made a premature attack upon the forces of the United States, under the command of Col. Boyd, in the summer of 1811, at Tippecanoe, in which his plan had become known, before his arrangements for general hostility were perfected, before, in fact, he had properly organized or brought into the field any of his forces, his brother made a premature attack upon the forces of the United States, under the command of Col. 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fastened by some ornament, and decorated by natural flowers. Green is omitted by all the women in their dresses, otherwise they would subject themselves to insult from the Turks, who consider as impious those wearing the sacred colour without having a just claim to the privilege.

There are no people so jealous of their

women as the Turks. No man ever sees his wife until he becomes her husband; notwithstanding which, they say courtship is very pleasant! When they feel disposed to marry, enquiry is made of the nearest relative to ascertain the appearance of the lady; if it proves satisfactory, the parents close the bargain among themselves, and every exertion is used by those of the female, to render her sufficiently fleshy to be presented to the bridegroom; to effect which, she is confined to the house for months, and obliged to eat freely of such food as is considered the most nutritious.

The Turks often express their astonishment at Christians suffering their women to enjoy an equal share of liberty with themselves, without taking into view that, from that circumstance alone, society is indebted in a great degree for its refined state.

By Last Evening's Mail.

New-York, August 29.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

Capt. [REDACTED] of the elegant fast-sailing ship Rosalie, brings accounts from Liverpool several days later than by any former arrival. She sailed on the 25th ult. and to capt. M.

the editors of the Gazette are indebted for Liverpool papers of the 23d,

and London of the 21st. From these

papers we make the following summary.

The queen of England continued

very ill, and the hopes of her recovery were faint.

The Courier of the 21st ult says,

"The wheat harvest has commenced

on different lands in the neighborhood

of Lewis, with flattering prospects to the growers."

The London papers exist in the in-

crease of their revenue, and give the

difference as a proof of the growing

prosperity of the country. The markets in England continued to fluctuate.

A letter to the editors, from

Barnard Brothers, & Co. quotes A-

merican flour at 45 to 47s. with this

remark, very heavy, and prices giving way, in consequence of the very

fine weather." Cottons unusually

dull, to be attributed in a great mea-

sure to the great mass of Manchester spinners having turned out for high

wages."

Naval stores were in demand, and

improving. Turpentine and Tar was

16s. Pitch 8s. Resin 3s. 6d. Rice 40

to 42s. Wheat 11 to 12s. 6d. Tobacco

was in much better demand.

Admiral Donald Campbell is to

command the Leeward Islands in the

place of Admiral Hervey.

From recent accounts, Bonaparte

was to quit Longwood, and reside at

Leech's farm, near the only landing

place on the island of St. Helena, the

access to which is up Ladder Hill.

From this place, escape is considered

altogether impracticable. The Lon-

don Courier continues to admire the

top full tenderness of the Morning

Chronicle towards the great perso-

nal.

It is true, that one of our London

newspapers observes, "It is said that the

Duchess of Cambridge is pregnant."

The refractory workmen at Man-

chester, Stockport, &c. had been riotous and troublesome. Their cry was,

"More wages."

Two lovers at Paris produced a

quarrel between some French and Eng-

lish officers; and three duels were

fought, but no blood shed!

At meeting of the trustees of the Alex-

andria Academy, held on the 21st of Au-

gust, 1818.—

The following Address to the citizens of the

town, was adopted by the Board, and or-

dered to be published:

The trustees of the Alexandria Acad-

emy, impressed in common with their fel-

low-citizens with the great and lasting im-

portance of education, especially to a peo-

ple whose fundamental principles of gov-

ernment are those of equal liberty, justice

and order, on the support of which rest all

our republican institutions, and from which

flow public as well as private happiness,

have at different times made various efforts

to place the Academy upon a more useful

and respectable establishment, than it has

heretofore been. They have with regret

seen their well meant efforts fail, for want

of that support which all who wish well to

their beloved offspring ought to afford.

The trustees cannot continue their ef-

forts to sustain the Academy, without other

means than those they have heretofore pos-

essed. They would therefore respectfully

represent to their fellow-citizens of the

town, the necessity there is of some effort

on their part to enable the trustees to make

such a change in the house and institution,

as will render them generally useful.

The form of the house is inconvenient;

it is in such a state of decay as to be unfit

for use, and is a discredit to the town. The

institution requires certain necessary appa-

ratus, and additional instructors. To effect

these objects, funds are necessary, which

cannot, as experience has clearly shown,

be raised solely from the price of tuition.

It is confidently believed that the trustees

in making this appeal to the parental feel-

ings and liberality of the citizens of the

town, will not appeal in vain, especially

when they reflect, that by placing the Aca-

dem in their own town on a respectable footing, they will be relieved in a great measure from the necessity of sending their children to distant places for instruction, at a much greater expense than that at which they could be educated at home, and in too many instances at the very dear price of the loss of their moral principles.

The law incorporating the Academy de- clares that all persons, and their respective heirs, who shall contribute five pounds to the use of the Academy, shall have the right to vote at all elections of trustees.

Trusting that every citizen who values the blessing of education, the good of society, and the happiness and respectability of his children, will contribute liberally towards so desirable an object, the trustees have appointed some of their own body to wait upon their fellow-citizens with a subscription paper for that purpose.

By order,

WILLIAM H. WILMER, President.

The following gentlemen constitute the Board of Trustees for the present year: Rev. Wm. H. Wilmer, Messrs Hugh Smith, Rev. Oliver Norris, George Taylor, Rev. Elias Harrison, Hon. William Cranch, John Janney, Anth'y. Creasey, Messrs. Edm. J. Lee, T. H. Swann, J. Hoffman, and I.P. Thompson.

August 24. 1w

The Principal and Professors of the Alexandria Academy will resume their labors THIS MORNING, at the usual hour.

September 1.

Exchange Coffee-House MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA...AUGUST 31.

ARRIVED.

Ship America, Luckett, 55 days fr Liverpool; salt, coal, dry goods, crates, &c. to D. Somers, Braden, Morgan & Co. C. Bennett, T. Janney & Co. James Patten, J. W. Massie, C. Slade, J. & R. Withers, Tripplett & Neale, Patons & Butcher, H. Smith & Co., Ingle & Linsley, J. Janney, A. C. Cazenove, P. R. Beverly, D. English, Biggs & Gathorne—26 passengers.

Ship Maria, Morrell, from Liverpool via Cork, 51 days from the latter port; salt & Coal, to Lawson & Fowle—50 passengers.

Brig Alonzo, Smith, 9 days from Salem; plaster, lumber, brandy, rum, &c. to J. Shillaber.

Schr. Salome, Gibbs, 13 days from St. Andrews, with a full cargo of plaster, to Dunbar & Townsend.

Sloop Alonzo, Barnes, from Stonington via Norfolk; cheese, fish, &c. to the master.

Brig Cumberland, Nelson, hence, to sail from Mantanzas for Alexandria, 20th Augus-

tic.

Brig Hunter, Grinnells, of Alexandria, was spoken August 19th from New Orleans 12 days, lat 32 32' for New York.

Sloop Susan, Rogers, at New-York 28th inst. up for this port.

Ship Young Hero, Wilson, hence at Gottingen, July 10, taking in a cargo of iron, for Alexandria.

Steam Boat Report.

The Washington arrived at 3 P.M.—Nothing bound up, inland vessels excepted.

State of the Weather.—August 29, at 2 P.M. 79 degrees; August 30, 80 degrees; Augus- t 31, 79 degrees.

Wheat.

A FEW thousand bushels of good wheat are wanted immediately by JOHN H. LADD & Co.

September 1. 2w

Cognac Brandy, &c.

FIVE pipes high 4th proof cognac bran-

dy, just received per Alonzo—For sale by SAM'L. MESSERSMITH;

WHO HAS IN STORE

25 bags prime green coffee

160 bbls kiln-dried corn meal

500 sacks resin wrapping paper

60 boxes mould candles assorted sizes

4 bbls Virginia tobacco

2 cases gun powder, &c.

September 1. 41

HORSES & C. SCS.

LIBERAL prices will be given for stud

Young Blind Horses. Inquire of the

Printer. 3t August 29

Public Sale.

ON Thursday next, at 4 P.M. will be

offered on the premises, a lot of ground

with the buildings thereon erected, situate

on the west side of West-street, and north

side of King-street, and described as fol-

lows: Beginning at a point where the north

line of King-street intersects the west line

of West-street, and extending westwardly

with the line of King-street 19 feet; thence

north and parallel with King-street 100

feet to a 10 foot alley; thence east and pa-

rallel to King-street 10 feet to West-street;

thence south with West street to the begin-

ning—subject to a ground rent of 57

dollars, payable on the 15th of October in

each and every year for ever.—Terms of

sale, one-third in cash, one-third in eleven

months, and one-third in eighteen months.

The payments to be secured by a deed of

trust on the property.

AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER

Will be sold on the premises, a lot of ground

with the buildings thereon erected,

situate upon the east side of Fair-

fax-street, and in the northward of Gibbon street, and bounded as fol-

lows: Beginning on the north side of a 10

</div

Alexandria

Vol. XIX.]

Mahogany, &c.

JUST received and for sale,
4000 feet mahogany, in lots to suit
purchasers

100 mattocks of different sizes

1 elegant Grecian sofa.

10 dozen sacking bottoms at 18s

16 portable tables

Easy chairs and night stools

S. WARD,

Lower end of Prince-street.

August 27 2w

Lawrason & Fowle

HAVE received by sehr Adeline, capt.
Rumney, and for sale,
15 pipes French brandy

60 qr casks Malaga wine

August 6 4w

French Plaster.

ONE hundred and fifty tons on board the
ship Washington, for sale by
July 20 **LAWRASON & FOWLE**

Lawrason & Fowle

HAVE for sale, landing from schooner
Eliza, captain Weeks, from N. York,
20 pipes Holland Gin of superior qual-

ity, 1st and 2d proof

Also in store,

A few pipes French Brandy, of excellent

quality

August 1

John H. Ladd & Co.

HAVE just received for sale,
25 cases men's and boys' fine and
coarse shoes, of superior quality

15 puncheons Demerara, St Croix and

3 casks lemon juice [Antigua rum

8 boxes fresh lemons

20 half hds mess beef

50 kegs excellent small twist tobacco

30 do large do

18 hds leaf tobacco

August 26 2w

To Mr. Andrew Bartle.

SIR—I shall take no further notice at
this time of your publications in the
newspapers, other than to say that I am
prepared to meet any charge you may
make against me, and have sufficient proof
of the correctness of my conduct—a court
of justice will decide between us in a short
time, and I deem that the most proper
tribunal to settle our disputes.

WILLIAM STOOPS.

New Grocery Store.

THE subscriber having commenced the
Grocery business in the house of Mr.
E. Lloyd, formerly occupied by Mr. Wm.
Dunlap, on Cameron street, between Fairfax
and Royal streets, has particularly selected
for family use a general assortment of
the best wines, liquors, cordials and
groceries, which will be sold low for cash.

Also,

Twenty-four boxes Sicily lemons, in prime
order, from New-York; and a fine assort-
ment of handsome paper-hanging, recently
imported from Marseilles, which will be
sold very low by sets and by the yard.

VINCENT MASSOLETTI.

August 18 1m

Committed

To my custody some time past as run-
aways, a Negro woman and two children.
The Negro woman calls herself
Ann Butler, and says she is free, and came
from Nottingham in Prince George county
wards of seven years ago to this county,
where she has lived as a free person ever
since.—She is 5 feet 2 inches high, of a
very dark complexion, and appears to be
about 28 years of age—had on when com-
mitted an oxfordshire shift, an old white
cotton petticoat, and a red calico frock.—
Her oldest child is a boy, who is called
Thomas—of a dark complexion, and ap-
pears to be about 5 years old.—The other
is a girl, who is called *Jan*, also of a dark
complexion, and appears to be about 3
years old. The owner is desired to come
and take them away, otherwise they will be
sold as the law directs, for their prison-
fines, &c.

THO. A. DAVIS,

Sheriff of Charles County.

July 24 2m

Ten Dollars Reward.

WILL be given by the subscriber, liv-
ing near Haymarket, in Prince William
County, for the recovery of a horse,
which strayed or was stolen from her farm,
on the night of the 13th of April last. The
above named horse is 5 or 6 years old, of
blood bay color, 15 hands high, long switch
tail, rubbed on the left side by the harness
of the cart or wagon, is either of which he
had been used to draw; he has no white
marks or brand, and the hair on the top of
the head between the ears is worn short.

August 10 **SUSANNAH F. GRAHAM.**

50 Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDON Saturday morning, the
15th inst. negro George, or George
Griffin, the property of Miss McCull, by
trade a nailer, and understands some part
of the blacksmith's business; he is about
30 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high,
stout made, very black complexion, large
eyes and mouth, with thick lips. He is a
very artful fellow and has been in the habit
of protruding himself as a free man, and will
no doubt attempt to pass as such, and prob-
ably get work—has a down look when
spoken to.—His clothes not recollectable,
having various suits.

A reward of 10 dollars will be given if
taken in the town or county, 20 in the
county of Washington or Fairfax, or the above
reward if taken 50 miles from town, with
all reasonable charges if brought home.

Masters of vessels are cautioned against
harboring or carrying off said runaway, as
they will be dealt with according to law.

JAMES SANDERSON.

August 17

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

To Rent.

VERY convenient dwelling house,
with stable, smoke house, &c. situated
in the lower end of Royal street, now in
possession of Capt. Crabtree—posse-
ssions may be had on the 21st September.

JOHN T. BROOKS.

August 31

31

For Sale or Rent.

WHAT valuable property called CON-
WAYS WHARF, with the Ware-
houses thereon fronting on Union-street,
the warehouses will be rented separately
if required. For terms apply to

W.M. HERBERT, Jr.

August 25

it

Land for Sale.

I WILL sell from 130 to 300 acres of land,
1 part of the farm on which I live.—On
said land there is a log house with two
rooms on a floor, a meat house, with several
other small buildings, an excellent apple
orchard, peaches, pears, quinces, dam-
sons, &c. DANIEL DULANY.

August 24

it

For Sale.

ONE hundred and twenty-five acres of
land, being a part of Judge Granch's
purchase of James H. Hood Esq; bending
up on South Run, where it empties into
Cameron, near the fort on the Colchester
road, and extending up that run and up
Cameron, including nearly an equal proportion
of bottom and hill. 3-10ths of the
purchase money will be required in ad-
vance; the other 7-10ths in equal annual
payments with interest. For terms en-
quire of Richard M. Scott, or

CHARLES I. LOVE.

The land above described is well tim-
bered, the wood land being about equal to
the bottom in quantity and quality. The
situation is superior and more eligible than
any in the neighborhood—the water good,
and lies within one and a half miles from
Alexandria.

July 31

it

For Sale.

THE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
ABOUT eight miles from Martinsburg,
Berkley County, formerly occupied by
Minghini, and now kept by Brown.—
This estate consists of about

420 Acres of Land.

already in good cultivation, and susceptible
of high improvement. The springs are
much resorted to, and the boarding-house
establishment is extremely profitable.—
The buildings have undergone considerable
repair.

As all those disposed to purchase will, I
presently visit the property, further partic-
ulars are deemed unnecessary.

H. S. G. TUCKER.

Winchester, July 18 2m

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust
from James D. Patterson to me, I shall
at 11 o'clock, on Saturday, the 5th day of
September next, upon the premises, pro-
ceed to sell at public auction for cash, or
upon such credit as may then be agreed on,
a lot of ground, with the buildings
thereon erected, situated on the west
side of West-street, and north side
of King-st in the town of Alexan-
dria, and described in the said deed as fol-
lows: beginning at a point where the north
line of King-street intersects the west line
of West-street, and extending westwardly
with the line of King-street 13 feet; thence
north and parallel with King-street 100 feet
to a 10 foot alley; thence east and parallel
to King-street 19 feet to West-street; thence
south with West-street 100 feet to the
beginning—subject to a ground rent of
57 dollars, payable on the 15th day of Octo-
ber, in each and every year forever.

J. D. SIMMS, Trustee.

August 27

it

Public Sale.

ON Wednesday, the 8th day of October
next, I will offer for sale at Port-To-
bacco, if not previously disposed of at pri-
vate sale.

Woodberry's Hope,

lying on Potomac River, containing about
360 acres, having wood enough on it to pay
for it. The soil is of an excellent quality.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

F. H. REEDER.

Charles co. Md. August 5 wfm80

Advertisement.

ABSCONDON from the subscriber's
service, on Saturday night the 15th inst.
Negro woman TREACE or TREACY—
she is five feet two or three inches high,
about 30 years of age, of a very dark complexion,
and when particularly examined is
very apt to confound herself.—It is
deemed unnecessary to mention her clothing,
as she has all of them with her, and being
extremely artful, she no doubt will change
them and endeavor to pass for a free woman. She is well acquainted in
Charles county, Prince George's, Alexandria
and the City; as about 5 years ago she
made her escape, and was 6 or 7 months
about the Lower Ferry, leading to Alexan-
dria, and from thence to Washington City,
where she acquired an extensive acquaintance
among the Negroes belonging to John
Brent, esq.; and the greater part of said
Negroes belong now to William and Rob-
ert Brent, esqrs., and Mr. Dudley Digges.
Negro Treace has a scar on the back part
of her neck, occasioned by a secong put for
the benefit of her eyes, which are very
weak at this time. I will give 10 dollars
if taken in the county and secured in jail,
or if out of the county and secured as more
said, so that I get her again, 25 dollars,
and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.
All persons are forewarned harboring or employing said Negro at their
peril, as the law will be rigorously put in
force against any offender.

THOMAS BURGESS.

Charles co. Maryland, near
Port-Tobacco, Aug. 24 d3Tu

Claret.

A FEW cases of Medoc Claret, of a su-
perior quality, for sale by
July 20 **LAWRASON & FOWLE.**

For Sale.

UNDER act of the Legislature of Vir-
ginia, passed on the 21st day of Fe-
bruary, 1818, all that part of a tract of land
lying in the county of Fairfax, and con-
tinuing called Retirement, to which the
widow and heirs of the late Walter D. Brooke
are entitled, as well their interest in that
part which has been allotted to Ann Brooke
for her dower, as that part of which the
said widow and heirs are now in possession.

The sale will be made at public auction on
the premises near where the stage road
crosses Dogue Run, on Thursday the 17th
of September next, if fair, if not the next
day. The terms are one half cash, the
balance on a credit of twelve months.

WILLIAM H. FOOTE.

BENJAMIN M. BROOKE, Compt.

August 7

it

1175

it

it